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# The Chinook Advance

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## Our Store News

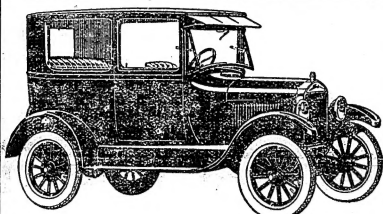
MEN'S COMBINATION OVERALLS	\$2.00
" CAMBRIE SHIRTS	1.15
" TWEED PANTS	3.25
3 DOZEN LARGE ORANGES	1.00
5 CANS PEARS	1.00
5 CANS PINEAPPLES	1.00

We have the Largest Box of \$ BISCUITS  
on the markets for 75 cents.

Quaker STRAWBERRY JAM, in next week, 65c:

## Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service  
C. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN  
CHINOOK ALTA



## Used Cars for Sale

1 1925 Tudor Sedan, Balloon Tires and Ruckstell axle	\$635.00
1 1925 Ford Coupe, Balloon Tires and Ruckstell axle	475.00
1 1921 FORD TRUCK, WITH CAB	300.00
1 1921 FORD TOURING CAR	275.00
1 1921 FORD TOURING CAR	225.00
1 1921 FORD TOURING CAR	220.00
1 1921 FORD TOURING CAR	210.00
1 FORD LIGHT DELIVERY	120.00
1 FORD TOURING CAR	75.00
1 1921 OVERLAND TOURING CAR	135.00
1 CADILLAC ROADSTER CAR	150.00

## The Service Garage

COOLEY BROS., Props.  
CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

## Sporting Goods

Representing the leading lines  
SPALDING, REACH, WRIGHT AND DITSON.

Baseballs  
Tennis Balls  
Soft Balls  
Tennis Rackets  
Ball Gloves

We have it!  
Can get it!  
Or it isn't made!

SPECIAL ORDERS GIVEN CAREFUL ATTENTION.

Meet me at the Drug Store!

## E. E. Jacques

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

## LOCAL ITEMS

Dentistry—Dr. Taylor, of Alnsak, will be in Chinook on June 6 and 7 for practice of Dentistry.

Mrs. S. H. Smith and Mrs. O. Nelson entertained a number of ladies at cards on Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Smith. The first prize was won by Mrs. Srigley, while the consolation went to Mrs. Neff.

Muriel Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smith, was taken to Cerebral Hospital last Thursday where she was operated on for appendicitis. She is progressing very favorably.

Owing to the inclement weather last Saturday the meeting of the Clover Leaf Local of the Wheat Pool was postponed until Saturday, June 4, at 8 p.m.

Harold Stewart, who has been attending the Technical School in Calgary for the past six months, returned on Friday.

WANTED—To trade a good dwelling house for stock and farm machinery. Apply The Advance Office, Chinook.

Miss E. Fergie left on Wednesday for Excel.

Every farmer should have a bottle of Spooner's Remedy for Stock. A sure cure for all colics, inflammation, etc. Every bottle guaranteed. This remedy may be purchased at the Chinook Drug Store.

Mrs. H. Berry, who has been receiving medical treatment in the Hanna Hospital for the past two weeks, returned on Wednesday.

Mrs. F. F. Tracy returned on Tuesday from Edmonton, where she has been attending the annual convention of the Alberta Women's Institutes.

Cooley Bros. received another shipment of Ford cars this week.

### Entertained at a Bridge Party

On Tuesday evening a bridge party was held in the Chinook school in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Tracy, Mr. and Mrs. Srigley, Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie and Mrs. A. Clipsham who are shortly leaving the district. During the evening a lovely lunch was served, after which Mr. J. L. Carter and Mr. L. Dawson, on behalf of the community, expressed regret at losing the families that anticipate moving away. The prizes were won by Mrs. Todd and J. W. Deman. The consolation prizes going to Mrs. Dobson and W. A. Todd. The hostesses for the evening were Mesdames Lee, Chapman, Jacques, Vanhook and Rennie.

### Wins Second Prize At Musical Festival

Friends of little Miss Margaret Parsons will be pleased to learn that she won second prize in Class "B" in the Children's Musical Festival held in Calgary on May 28. The winner of the first prize made 89 points, while Miss Parsons received 87 points.

## Chinook General Store Wiped Out By Fire

Loss Estimated About \$30,000

Early Tuesday morning witnessed a very serious fire in Chinook, when W. A. Hurley's General Store, one of the finest stores in town, was totally destroyed. There was about \$25,000 worth of stock as well as the building which went up in flames. The entire loss will approximate about \$30,000, and is partly covered by insurance.

Smoke was first seen escaping through the roof of the building about 2 to 4 a.m. by O. B. Elliott, station agent, who immediately aroused several citizens. W. Lee rang the fire alarm, while J. L. Carter sounded the alarm in the hotel, and in a short space of time many willing workers were on the scene. By this time flames were bursting through the roof and the fire-fighters realized that the building with its contents was doomed.

Fortunately no wind was blowing, and by concentrating their efforts on the surrounding buildings the fire was prevented from spreading. Though had it not been for the fire-wall on Hurley's store, it would have been impossible to have saved the remainder of the business block.

The heat from the burning building was so intense that the two large plate glass windows in the Banner Hardware store on the opposite side of the street were cracked.

The volunteers worked hard and to their efficient efforts must be given credit for the saving of the rest of the business section of the town. Sam Wong showed his appreciation of their efforts by serving them with hot coffee and sandwiches.

The origin of the fire is unknown.

### Funeral of the Late Mrs. C. Lindfors

The funeral of the late Mrs. Clara Lindfors, of Rearville, who passed away in the Oyen Hospital on Saturday, May 21st, was held last Saturday afternoon from the Chinook United Church. The services at the church and the Chinook cemetery were conducted by Mr. Robert Smith. In spite of the wet day and the late heavy rains which had made the roads almost impassable several cars brought neighbors in the 20 miles to attend the funeral. Many of the townspeople were also present. Charles J. Carlson, of Hollingquist, South Dakota, and Gust Carlson, of Webster, South Dakota, as well as Alfred and Oscar Carlson, of Rearville, brothers of the deceased, were present at the funeral.

The pallbearers were Chas. Neff, L. Robinson, O. Peterson, J. Walzack, O. Osterburg, T. H. Lensgraf.

The members of the Chinook Ladies Aid gave a farewell party on Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. Rideout in honor of some of the members who are shortly leaving the town.

Remember the Langford U. F. A. Sports next Friday, June 3.

## Announcement

## To Our Customers

We regret to have to announce to our customers the loss we have sustained by the disastrous fire which has totally destroyed our store and stock.

At the present time our plans for the future are indefinite.

**W. A. HURLEY,**  
CHINOOK Limited ALBERTA

## Billiard Hall

Complete line of Tobaccos  
COME AND SPEND A PLEASANT EVENING  
**At Billiards**

Barber Shop in Connection  
LADIES HAIR CUTTING A SPECIALTY  
Latest Styles. Shampooing and Massaging.

H. W. Butts, Prop., Chinook

## The Best in Meats

They have quality, they are tender, they are fresh, but not too fresh, they are properly prepared, they are cut and sold in a cleanly manner, they are delicious, wholesome and pleasing to serve. Do you want a ROAST that will be juicy and tender when hot, that will slice up nicely when cold? VEAL, LAMB, BEEF PORK—the best of each. We know all about the meat we sell, and we won't sell it unless it's the best in the market.

Corned Beef, Smoked Fish and Meats, Cheese,  
Lard, Etc. Fresh Fish on Fridays.

**Chinook & Youngstown  
Meat Markets**

## NOSE NETS

This year the flies will be bad! Get your Nets Now.

Our New Stock is Here.  
Five different kinds.

And all at competitive Prices.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.

AXLE GREASE AND HARD OIL.

Come in and see the NEW WONDER SHOE SOLE.

**CHINOOK HARNESS SHOP**  
S. H. Smith, Prop.





# United and Intelligent Action Will Be Needed To Stem Westward Migration of Rat

The press reports recently that a number of rats had been killed by farmers in Saskatchewan, sharply draws attention to two very interesting facts from an agricultural point of view, namely, that the Canadian west is one of the few agricultural areas in the world that is not overrun by these pests and secondly that no time should be lost for every farmer in the prairie provinces to take up this challenge by immediate and no uncertain precautionary action. The truth may as well be faced, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, namely, that the brown rat, native of China and scourge of all Europe, is seeking to add one more province of Canada to his habitat. Ever and anon he continues his westward march and it will require the most united and intelligent warfare to stem his migration.

There are two aspects to the threatened rat plague. First, he is a dread carrier of disease, particularly of the bubonic plague or "Black Death" and history tells us that in the fourteenth century some twenty-five million people died in Europe of this dread disease. Nor will it be forgotten that in 1907 there was an epidemic of the plague in India and 2,000,000 deaths are estimated to have occurred. Second, there is the economic aspect. What does it cost to feed a rat? Enquiries were carried out in Europe in 1907 and the average annual has caused by each rat in Great Britain was placed at \$1.80, in France \$1, and in Denmark, \$1.20. Like everything else there is little doubt that the high cost of rats has since gone up.

The genus Mus includes some 150 species of rats and mice but it is the common brown rat which has staged one of the greatest of all natural migrations, animal or human. His native country appears to have been in Western China and he has been fought in scores of countries but still he moves onward, conquering new territory. And it is little wonder that he has won so countless conflicts when one considered his prolific habits of breeding. Brown rats begin to breed at three or four months of age, they have from six to ten litters per year averaging ten each. A pair of rats breeding, unintermitted, for three years without any deaths to their progeny would result in that time in a colony of over 350 million rats.

Mice are bad enough, but the brown rat is infinitely worse and one can conjecture the toll he will take if he becomes firmly established in the greatest granary of the British Empire. A few years ago it was thought that the long hard winters of western Canada would prove a deterrent to colonization of that country by rats but they gradually migrated from the east and spread over southern Manitoba. Now they have reached the Qu'Appelle district of Saskatchewan, and they are known to have burrowed under a straw stack and found sufficient shelter for the winter.

The brown rat is omnivorous in his diet and eats anything edible, vegetable or animal, even leather and fabrics. It attacks poultry, destroys eggs and chickens; fish and rats are equally acceptable with all kinds of meat, groceries and vegetables; it will eat its own weaker brothers and sisters if pressed for food and has not infrequently attacked helpless human beings. It visits sewers and other filthy places carrying and scattering the germs of disease.

The gopher is pest enough without this latest intruder which in its omnivorous habits and disease-carrying propensities ranks as far more dangerous. The whole of Canada should rise up and wipe out these pests and evidence is not lacking that the war is on in earnest in some municipalities, where battles on rats have been announced. Individuals should not wait for a bounty, however, but should declare war on the first invasion of their territory and with widespread recognition of the danger and concerted action it ought to be possible for a young and vigorous country in its western section is not too dense to win out, even though older and more thickly populated countries, hampered by ancient sanitary systems and less modern living conditions have failed.

For ten years after its construction in 1836, locomotives were not allowed to enter the East railway station in London for fear of frightening horses. The coaches were dragged into the station by a stationary engine.

W. N. U. 1652

## Regaining Place In World Wheat Market

### Great Increase Shown in Russia's Production and Export

Within five or ten years Russia will be again a major factor in the world wheat market, if the rate of increase in production and export from the U.S.S.R. is maintained. Before the war, Russia was the second largest exporter of wheat. During the past dozen years, of course, comparatively little has been coming out of the country, but recovery has proceeded so far that this spring exports have run as high as 750,000 bushels a week. As Russia has an even larger area of undeveloped wheat land than Canada, production can and will be still further increased; and as labor and land are cheap, the grain can be cheaply produced. "We will have to find some method of reducing production costs," remarks NorWest Farmer (Winnipeg).

### When Ignorance is Bliss

"Let me see some of your black kid gloves," said a lady to shopman. "These are nothin' latest style, are they?" she asked, when they were produced.

"Yes, madam," replied the shopman; "we've had them in stock only two days."

"I don't think they are, because the fashion paper says, black kids have tan stitches, and vice versa. I see the tan stitches, but not the vice versa."

The shopman explaining that vice versa was French for seven buttons, so she bought three pairs.

No man is smart enough to tell his own son anything when he leaves college.



Of unusual smartness is the suspender skirt shown here. There is an inverted plait at each side seam to provide for the necessary fullness and the back may be cut high or low. The straps are attached to the back at the shoulders and the lower ends are girt under the top of the skirt to form pockets. No. 1598 is in sizes 36, 40 and 44 inches bust. Any size requires 2 1/2 yards 26 or 40-inch material. Price 20 cents the pattern.

The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are advanced styles for the home dressmaker, and the woman or girl who desires to wear garments dependable for taste, simplicity and economy will find her desires fulfilled in our patterns. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

### How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_ Size \_\_\_\_\_  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Town \_\_\_\_\_

## Legume Bacteria

### Why Legume Inoculation Sometimes Fails to Benefit Crops

Under ordinary field conditions, the presence of the proper strain of legume bacteria in the soil is necessary for the successful growing of alfalfa or other legumes. It is therefore always essential to inoculate when there is any reason to suspect a scarcity in the soil of the bacteria associated with the particular legume being grown. There are times, however, when inoculation fails to benefit a crop. Such failure may be assigned to a number of different causes which are enumerated in a new Experimental Farms pamphlet which may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

In a large number of cases the reason for lack of benefit from inoculation is that the soil has already been inoculated, and the additional bacteria consequently are superfluous. In other instances, where the crop growth is as poor with treated as with untreated seed, adverse climate and soil conditions may be responsible. The proper treatment of the soil is very important and is fully described in the pamphlet. Good drainage and liming are frequently necessary before a good legume stand can be established as they favor the crop, not only directly, but also indirectly by fostering the nitrogen-gathering bacteria. Inferior feed is a very frequent cause of failure. The use of hardy Canadian-grown seed is essential. In short it should always be remembered that legume bacteria are living things and to do their work properly must be in a suitable environment.

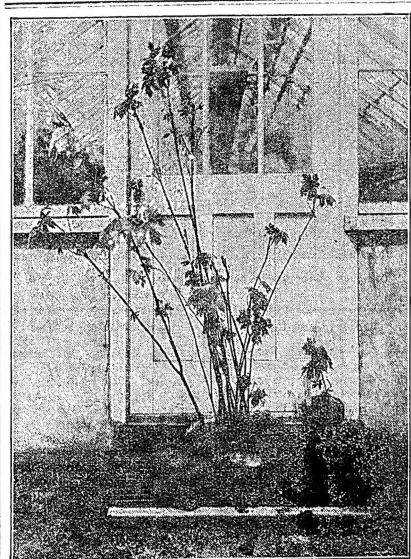
### Was Somewhat Delayed

A postcard from a friend of boyhood days recently was received by Charles Swift, Brockton, Mass. The sender was inquiring if Swift knew the whereabouts of other schoolboy chums. Surprised, Swift glanced at the postmark, discovered that the card had been mailed March 21, 1882. It had been in the mails 44 years.

"John! What do you mean by getting in at this hour?" Husband—"Sall right, m'love. I just hurried home 'cause I thought you might be lonesome, but I s'ee your twin sister's staying with you."

A movement is under way in Japan for the passing of a law permitting women to be admitted to the bar.

Every man hugs the delusion that sooner or later he will invent something that will make him rich.



## Canadian Maples for Canberra

Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Canadian Minister of Justice, now away in Australia, is leaving a lasting result of his visit and of Canada when on July 1st, he will plant at the new Australian capital, Canberra, a maple tree and six maple saplings in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee of Canadian Confederation.

The maple tree and saplings have already sailed on the crack Canadian-Australian steamship, R.M.S. Niagara from Vancouver and these gifts of the Canadian people to the Australians are entirely products of British Columbia, having been selected by J. Hesse, librarian of the province of Victoria, and Alderman Frank Wood-

## Historic Fort Walsh

### Cairn and Tablet to Be Erected at Old Mounted Police Post

At Fort Walsh, on Battle Creek in the Cypress Hills, June 15, a ceremony will take place when a cairn and tablet erected by the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada will be unveiled. Fort Walsh, a Mounted Police post of the early days of the Northwest, was located about 50 miles Southwest of Maple Creek and, though there is nothing there today to indicate there was a "fort," the spot is to be duly marked and recognition will be given one of the places which abound in historical lore of the '80's.

There is an old Mounted Police cemetery, the only visible remains of what constituted one of the important border posts of Indian days and fighting in the Northwest. In this cemetery is to be erected the cairn and tablet to be unveiled June 15, when members of the Saskatchewan Government, members of the Mounted Police, members of the Historical Society of Saskatchewan and Judge P. W. Howay, New Westminster, B.C., will be present.

Where the "fort" once stood is now a ranch pasture. The cemetery, however, has always been kept fenced in, and the unpretentious markings above the remains of heroes of yesteryear have been renewed from time to time by members of the South Western Saskatchewan Old-Timers' Association, who will take part in the ceremonies of June 15.

The cairn is the usual standard monument, the pile of stones with affixed tablet. The inscription reads: "A post of the North-West Mounted Police, built by Inspector J. M. Walsh in 1875."

"In the Cypress Hills, where hunting bands of Blackfeet, Crees, Assiniboines, Saulteaux and Sioux met and fought, 102 officers and men, in 1875, imposed Queen's law on a fretful realm."

"Headquarters of Commissioner A. G. Irvine until December, 1882." The buildings stood about 220 yards west of this spot.

"Erected, 1926."

An Indian prince has his private train equipped with a huge tobacco pipe, mounted in the locomotive, from which smoke is piped to each compartment for passengers' use.

The Buffalo News wants to know why so many Canadians are returning from the U.S.A. to Canada. They've had a close up of both and know now which is best.

He (after being accepted)—"And do you like travelling on Pullmans?" She (blushing)—"Yes, with the proper reservations."

# Current Activities Indicate That Manitoba Will Soon Become Steady Producer of Gold

## Cattle Imports From Scotland Permitted

### Department of Agriculture Raises Embargo Under Certain Conditions

The situation in regard to foot and mouth disease in England has so greatly improved that the British Ministry has found it possible to remove its restrictions on the movements of cattle in that country. In view of this, and as Scotland has been absolutely free from the disease for six months, the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa now considers that it will be justified in permitting the importation of cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine from Scotland under certain conditions.

An order has just been signed, says a statement issued by the department, permitting such importations from Scotland, provided that such animals must be embarked from a Scottish port, and, in addition to the usual health certificates, must be accompanied by an affidavit of the shipper that the animals so embarked have been in Scotland for a period of sixty days immediately preceding the date of embarkation. The animals must also be shipped on a vessel proceeding direct from Scotland to Canada, without touching at an English port, and they must be accompanied by an affidavit from the shipper to the effect that the feed taken on board for feeding these animals en route has been grown and stored in Scotland.

Each importation will be made under permit, issued by the veterinary director-general.

## Necessity of Fresh Ground for Chickens

### Yearly Changing Is Now Recognized by Poultry Raisers

Poultry production in Canada has been in the past almost entirely a general farm proposition, writes George Robertson of the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Under such conditions little attention was paid to the changing of the rearing ground for the chickens, as it was seldom that any ground was overstocked.

Even under the old order of things, "poultry sick" lung was occasionally referred to, and backyard poultrymen had at times to give up the breeding of chickens for a time, in order to clean up their yards by the growing of garden crops.

It was not, however, until specialized poultry farming became more general and the keeping of poultry by intensive methods became common that the necessity for the yearly changing of the rearing ground became generally recognized.

It has long been known that chicks placed on new land that is, land over which poultry had not previously been running, would outgrow those raised on previously used land.

But the wonderful development of the "day old" chick business and the shipping of stock from one part of the country to the other, to say nothing of the tremendous importations from the United States, has made the spread of disease and internal parasites inevitable. To combat diseases and especially the spreading of internal parasites, a yearly changing of the rearing ground is essential.

The sooner farmers, and especially those who are specializing in poultry farming, realize the necessity for giving poultry a place in the regular crop rotation, the sooner will these troubles be under control.

Wife—"So your client was acquitted of murder. In what grounds?" Lawyer—"Insanity. We proved that his father had spent five years in an insane asylum."

"But he hadn't had her?"

"Yes, he was a doctor there, but we saw no necessity of bringing that fact out."

Assistant—"I can't understand what made the lady so angry."

Doctor—"Never refer to a lady's big toe, even. Always say 'the largest of your small toes.'"

English history shows that when discovery was punished by death, pickpockets piled their trade among the dense crowds watching the public execution of pickpockets.

If there are no distant relations at a man's funeral it's a safe bet that he died poor.

Canada's great Bathu Island is larger than France.

A. H. A. Robinson, of the department of mines at Ottawa, writes that the next few months may mark the beginning of a new era in the history of mining in Manitoba. He says that for some years production records have credited the province of Manitoba with a nominal output of gold, practically all of it from prospect workings, and under the stimulus of high prices during the war a considerable amount of rich copper ore was mined and shipped; but the province has never attained the status of a metal producer in the ordinary acceptance of that term. Current activities in two widely separated fields, however, now indicate that Manitoba is soon to become a steady producer of gold and, later, possibly an important source of the base metals, copper and zinc also.

In the northeastern part of the province, east of Lake Winnipeg, are extensive gold-bearing quartz deposits in course of development with very considerable reserves of ore of profitable grade, that is to say, of material that will average about \$12 per ton and having a total estimated gross value of at least \$1,000,000. A 150-ton mill is to be built, the material for this purpose having been taken in over the snow roads last winter. Construction will follow this summer and the mill should be in operation by the end of the year. Hydro-electric power will be used for mining and milling, this being supplied by the Manitoba Power Company from their generating station at Great Falls on the Winnipeg river, about 50 miles away. A high tension transmission line is now being built to the new gold field and it is expected that power will be delivered this spring.

The availability of cheap hydro-electric power will be a great boon and will doubtless stimulate development on many properties throughout the district which has heretofore been handicapped by its isolated situation.

In northwestern Manitoba, a 20-ton experimental mill has been built north of The Pas, for the purpose of trying out a method of treatment adapted to the low-grade copper-ore area found there. Some 16,000,000 tons of ore carrying an average of 1.68 per cent. copper, 3.49 per cent. zinc, 0.074 oz. per ton gold, and 1.91 oz. per ton silver have been blocked out by diamond drilling, and as soon as a commercially feasible method of treatment has been developed in the pilot plant, the exploitation of this vast deposit will be undertaken on a large scale. It is estimated that the initial expenditure necessary to put the area on a commercially productive footing, including the building of some 85 miles of railway, will be in the neighborhood of \$12,000,000. A number of other deposits very similar in composition have been discovered throughout the district. The owners are only awaiting the outcome of the experimental work to undertake intensive development work on them also.

## Federal Highway Grants

### Last Fiscal Year in Which Federal Assistance Will Be Given

An amount in the neighborhood of \$60,000 payable to the Government of Saskatchewan, has been authorized by order-in-council in connection with Dominion Government contributions to highway improvements.

This is the last fiscal year in which the extended program of federal assistance will continue. The grants will expire at the end of next March and having been extended for five years more than was originally contemplated, the system is not likely to be continued.

It is improbable that in view of this fact, the position of commissioner of highways, vacated by the recent death of Archibald W. Campbell will be filled.

When a bride has been married about three months she begins to write home for the old clothes that she thought she would never have occasion to use again.

We are usually wrong, but we know that we are right when we say that if you want a thing, you don't do it yourself unless you know how.

Mingelgrun: "I have lost my big credit today."

Kohn: "Has he died?"

Mingelgrun: "No I was forced to pay him."

Make the best of the present if you are unable to sell or exchange it.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

Reports from the north side of the Island of Jamaica said a heavy north-easterly storm had destroyed 25,000 banana trees.

Thirty-seven earth tremors were felt recently in Guatemala within 48 hours. Some lives were lost in panics caused by the quakes and considerable material damage was reported.

A memorial porch erected by the Canadian Women's Press Club to the memory of the late Col. George Haig, famous Canadian journalist, who founded the club has been unveiled at Whiteby, Ont.

Canada's flag floated over the Canadian legation at Washington on Victoria Day. It was the first time that it was officially displayed in Washington, D.C. Vincent Massey, Canadian minister, having used the Union Jack on previous occasions.

Professor Hugh Edward Egerton, noted authority on British colonial history, is dead at Oxford at the age of 72. Professor Egerton was professor of colonial history at Oxford for 15 years. He was the author of many books on British colonial policy and development.

According to a story in the Toronto Star, Captain Charles Lindbergh's family can claim relationship to William Lyon Mackenzie, and therefore the famous New York-Paris flier is related to Premier Mackenzie King of Canada. His grandfather was Charles H. Lind, lord of Simcoe.

Milo Webster, 33, aviator and stunt flier, plunged 1,000 feet to his death at Macleod, Mich., in full view of his 44-year-old mother and a large crowd of spectators. Webster lost his grip on his parachute bar as the big bag opened. Mrs. Webster fell unconscious.

The effect that aurora borealis called the Northern Lights, has upon radio transmission is being studied by Edward R. Armstrong, inventor, of Wilmington, Del. that work would be started within 60 days on a test "sea drone," or landing field to be anchored in the Atlantic Ocean as a station for trans-Atlantic aeroplanes.

Mr. Armstrong was quoted as having said that plans were under way for the formation of a trans-Atlantic flying organization. He indicated this organization might be headed by Captain Charles A. Lindbergh.

The test seadrome, The Public Ledger says, will be about 150 feet square, and will be anchored at a point 500 miles slightly north and east of New York. If the test proves effective eight full size seadromes will be built, each 1,200 feet long, at a cost of \$1,500,000 each.

## A New Building Material

A new material called celotex is being made from the refuse of sugarcane, and is being used in some parts of Australia for building houses. Some parts of the Federal Parliament House in Canberra have been built of celotex, and model houses have been built at Canberra and other towns to demonstrate its value.

The skeleton of a gigantic animal that lived about 2,000,000 years ago has been discovered by engineers who are building a railroad between Turkistan and Siberia. The beast is believed to have been a saurian.

Canada has within its borders the largest inland sea after the Mediterranean-Hudson Bay. This is a "Canadian Mediterranean," as large as three Balties.

Lightning, instead of being flat and jagged, as it appears, really is spiral and wanders around and around in space before it exhausts itself of strikes something.

Research Laboratory at Lacombe  
A research laboratory is to be established this year at Lacombe, for the purpose of making a survey of plant problems within the province.

The average man is more polite to people he never expects to meet again than to those whose friendship is really worth cultivating.

Crowds will hunt silently for hours for field mice, a park naturalist in the West says.

W. N. U. 1663

Extend Period Of  
Aviation Agreement

U.S. and Canadian Airmen Cross Border on Defined Conditions

The existing agreement between the United States and Canadian Governments by which aviators of either country may fly into the territory of the other under certain defined conditions has been extended until October 31. The extension of the agreement was accomplished by an exchange of notes between the State Department and the Canadian Legation.

The agreement has been in effect since 1922. It provides that when an American aviator desires to fly into Canada he shall give notice in advance to the secretary of the Canadian Air Board at Ottawa, giving the date of the proposed flight, the owner's name and address, the pilot's name and qualifications, type of machine to be used, the route and duration of the flight and the purpose for which it is to be undertaken. The procedure is the same for Canadian flyers desiring to visit the United States by air.

## Recalls Romance of Boer War

Woman Despatch Rider Who Married British Colonel is Dead

By the death of Mrs. Catherine Vaughan, widow of Col. A. Owen Vaughan, of Dinas Powis, near Cardiff, Wales, a remarkable romance of the Boer War is recalled. Mrs. Vaughan was a relative of President Kerner, was a skilled horsewoman, and acted as a dispatch rider for the Boers. Col. Vaughan, then leading a British force as a captain, was attacking a Boer post when the young Afrikaner woman dashed out on horseback to bring aid to the besieged. As she refused to stop, Capt. Vaughan shot her horse and captured the dispatch rider. To his surprise, he found to be a woman. The acquaintance thus made by later to marriage. Col. Vaughan, who was better known as "Owen Rhysdyl," a noted Welsh historian and novelist, died eight years ago.



A Smart Schooltime Frock

Practical yet decidedly smart is this attractive one-piece frock having the two-piece effect. The box pleated skirt is joined to the bodice and the sleeves may be long and gathered to narrow wristbands, or short. A becoming round collar finishes the neck and a trim belt fastens with a buckle in front. No. 1601 is in sizes 8, 10 and 12 years. View A, size 8 requires 1 yard 22-inch plain material, and 15 yards figured. View B, size 8, requires 2 1/2 yards 28-inch, or 2 yards 24-inch plain material, and 1 1/2 yards 28-inch contrasting. Price 29 cents the pattern.

House sewing brings out clothes within the reach of all, and to follow the mode is delightful when it can be done as easily and economically by following the styles pictured in our new Fashion Book. A chart accompanying each pattern shows the material as it appears when cut out. Every detail is explained so that the inexperienced sewer can make with out difficulty an attractive dress. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

## A POPULAR MANAGER



T. E. Chester, Manager, Hotel Saskatchewan, Regina. Mr. Chester entered the service of the Canadian Pacific at the Empress Hotel, Victoria. He had been assistant manager of the Royal Alexandra Hotel, Winnipeg, before coming to Regina.

## Previous Atlantic Flights

Aviators Who Have Made Trip During Years 1919 to 1924

May, 1919 -- The United States navy seaplane NC-4 flew from Newfoundland to Lisbon, Portugal, stopping at the Azores.

June, 1919 -- Captain Alcock and Lieut. Arthur W. Brown, British aviators, flew without stop from St. John's, Newfoundland, to Clifden, Ireland, 1,960 miles.

July, 1919 -- British airship R.3, flew from Scotland to New York and from New York to Fulham, England. August, 1924 -- The United States round the world fliers crossed from Scotland to Ireland to Greenland. October 12, 1924 -- The Zeppelin ZR.3, now the Los Angeles, was flown from Friedrichshafen, Germany, to Lakehurst, N.J.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON  
JUNE 5

PETER PREACHING TO GENTILES

Golden Text: "For there is no distinction between Jew and Greek; for the same Lord is Lord of all, and is rich unto all that call upon him."—Romans 10:12.

Lesson: Acts, Chapters 10 and 11. Devotional Reading: Isaiah 61:1-2.

## Explanations and Comments

1. How a Gentile Was Prepared for Discipleship, verses 1-8. — Cornelius was a Roman centurion in command at Caesarea. One night he had a vision in which an angel said to him, "Cornelius, thy prayers and alms have come up for a memorial before God."

Then the angel bade Cornelius to send to Joppa for Peter, who was staying with Simon the tanner by the seaside. Cornelius was a Gentile, and Jews would not enter the house of Gentiles. Yet Cornelius obeyed the command. He called two of his household servants and one of his soldiers, explained to them his vision, and sent them to Joppa.

"Great thoughts are in the air for those who are open-minded; noble impulses crowd the highways for those who are ready to receive and act upon them." — Hamilton Wright Noble.

## Not a "Vanishing Race"

Indian Population in Western Canada is About 35,000

From Ottawa comes the statement that the Indians are increasing in population. They are no longer a "vanishing race." In western Canada the total population today is about 35,000.

It is welcome news. We should wish the Indians well. These picturesque people form the genuinely native race of North America. The descendants of ancient nomads who probably entered the Western Hemisphere from the Orient across the strip of land that has now perished to form the Bering Straits, the famous Redskins deserve the kindly fate which civilization has reserved for them.

## "THE SASKATCHEWAN," REGINA'S NEW C. P. R. HOTEL



Exterior of the new Canadian Pacific Hotel at Regina, "The Saskatchewan," which was opened on May 24th

## An Old Chinese Custom

Remains of 400 Being Moved From Toronto for Ancestor Worship  
The Chinese of Toronto are raising funds to exhum the remains of 400 Chinese buried in Ontario with a view to sending them to China for reburial there. Mr. Mark, of a Chinese publishing house, said that there would be at least 200 sent from Toronto, the entire cost being in the vicinity of \$12,000.

"It is an old custom," said Mr. Mark, and was connected with ancestor worship, the Chinese believing in the worship of the elders of their family. They believed in the spirit, that the man by whose of the skeleton was deposited in his identity as an individual being when alive with the exception that the flesh had been dissipated by the magic of death. They believed that the spirit lived on somewhere, possibly in the skeleton, possibly not. But the bones were needed to be moved so that the bones in China could worship them. They had to be buried there for this.

## Prefers Coffee to Bone

Sunday, a Boston terrier, owned by Allen Burdick, of the Police Department at New Canaan, Conn., is a genuine "coffee hound." He must have his coffee in a cup with a little sugar before he will consider even the most tempting bone.

## The Twentieth Edition

McKim's Directory of Canadian Publications for 1927

The 1927 edition of McKim's Directory of Canadian Publications has just been issued and this publication no doubt, will be welcomed by national advertisers throughout Canada and the United States.

It is the twentieth edition—the first issue having appeared in 1892 and it has been the endeavor of the publishers at all times to make each number more complete and more dependable than previous editions.

In fact, this directory is accepted generally as a reliable source of information on Canadian Publications and is regularly consulted for Canadian geographical and statistical particulars twelve months in the year.

## Stockyards For Saskatoon

The Edmonton Stockyards, Ltd., have secured an option from the City of Saskatoon on 22 acres of land on Canadian Pacific Railway lines. The stockyards are expected to be in operation by the end of August.

Whining women and children are bad enough, but deliver us from whining men!

Fame may come to a man suddenly and go just as quickly.

## IS CHIEF CLERK



Fred S. Smith, chief clerk, Hotel Saskatchewan, Regina, has been promoted from the Royal Alexandra Hotel, Winnipeg. "Freddie" is reported to know every man, woman or child who has been a guest at that hotel.

## Made Remarkable Test

Sound of Human Heart Beat Amplified Ten Million Times

Washington.—The sound of a human heart beat was amplified ten million times before the American Medical association, meeting in convention here. This was the greatest sound amplification ever achieved in history.

In the Washington auditorium building, hundreds of stentorophones while sound, like a giant treading an empty hall, filled the entire structure. Out in the street, pedestrians paused, their ears alert to what sounded like distant cannon fire.

The main purpose of the demonstration of the instrument, an electric stethoscope, was the treatment of heart disease.

Much of the goodness affected by humanity is cultivated.

Studying History  
Of Canada

Knowledge of Dominion Best Equipment for Good Citizens

McGill University has decided to give a complete course in Canadian history for the first time in the record of that institution. The reason given for this is that the Department of History feels the necessity of allowing students a chance of obtaining a broad general knowledge of the history of the Dominion. The history of Canada will be a third year course, following a complete course on the history of the Western Hemisphere. It is designed to enable the student here to grasp trans-Atlantic conditions, the Faculty further states.

This is a step in the right direction, taken not before it was high time. These familiar with educational conditions in this country have often complained that students were taught far too little of general world history and geography; but surely it is the proper thing, and the right thing, for every student to know his own land first, and to know its history thoroughly. How otherwise can he fit himself adequately for the duties of citizenship and all they imply?

It is necessary to know what motives prompted the men who fought for freedom and liberty of ideas in the past in order to realize how Canada has grown to be what she is today. It is essential to have a clear conception of the ideal that lay behind the fight for Confederation in order to understand the problems this Dominion is facing today between East and West. A sound knowledge of one's own country is the best possible equipment for a citizen, whether he be engaged in a commercial or a professional career. McGill has moved wisely, and in the right direction, in this matter.

## For Empire Unity

Premier Baldwin Says Empire is a Great Force for Righteousness

"We must create our best energies in the years to come. Tory, Liberal and Labor alike, to make our unity such a reality that men and women will regard this Empire as one and it may become possible for them to move within its bounds to New Zealand, Australia, South Africa and Canada, as easily and freely as from Glasgow to London or from Bristol to Newcastle." Premier Stanley Baldwin declared in a Victoria Day address broadcast throughout England.

Mr. Baldwin appealed to all Britons to help make the Empire a great force for righteousness in the world. "The British Empire," he said, "is a spiritual inheritance which we hold in trust, not only for its members but for all the nations which surround it. Let us see to it that we hand it on to our successors with untarnished glory."

## Signs of True Prosperity

Making Not Hoarding of Wealth Means More to Nation

Barbours and refinement are not symbols of prosperity, neither are material residences and huge government buildings. For every million-dollar residence there will be a thousand hovels. The true signs of wealth and prosperity are growing crops, live stock grazing on the hill sides, the buzz of the saw in the forest, minerals coming to the surface of the working mines. It is the creation of wealth, not the hoarding of it, that brings prosperity to a nation.

## Unusual Insurance Policy

A \$250,000 smile adorns the face of Fay Marie, an American actress now playing here. In what is believed to be the first transaction of its kind, the actress has insured her smile for this amount with a British company. The policy provides that the insurance shall be collectible if at any time within the next ten years her smile loses its charm because of accident or illness. The amount of the premium was not disclosed.

## Not a Judge

"You say the prisoner had been drinking?" said his worship to the policeman who was giving evidence. "Drinking what?" "Whisky, I think," replied the constable. "You think," stormed his worship. "Don't you know the smell of whisky? Aren't you a judge?" Came the reply: "No; I'm only a policeman."

The nightingale is no more interesting than the midnight cat to the man who wants to sleep.

Many a man who thinks that he thinks has a wife who does all his thinking.

Frudery is a wig often used to cover a bald character.



## REQUIRE A YEAR LONGER TO REACH PORT CHURCHILL

Ottawa.—Completion of the Hudson's Bay Railway by May of next year if the terminal is at Port Nelson but about a year later if it should be Port Churchill, was forecast by Hon. C. A. Dunning, minister of railways. He told of how the work is progressing both as regards putting the existing line in shape for operation and also the new construction. The heavy haul being made is considered very satisfactory.

As between Churchill and Nelson, the minister expressed no preference, stating the decision will be based upon the best expert advice obtainable. Mr. Dunning will accompany the British engineer, Frederick Palmer, to both places at the end of July, and a number of high officials will also go along. Meanwhile, preliminary data is being collected while the investigation is on conditions on the straits is underway.

"There is no rivalry between the two potential terminals," Mr. Dunning said, "because there is no position to allocate. At Nelson a car and a few others are already in the only white residents while at Churchill there is only a Royal Canadian Mounted Police post. A large development, however, is foreseen when the road is finished."

Should the line go to Churchill, the road will not be completed into Nelson but deflected at a point 25 miles from there.

Meanwhile, a big rush to the north country is reported by prospectors, farmers, hunters, trappers and all sorts of people attracted by the lure of the district. It has been necessary to put on a regular weekly service in place of the wayfarers being accommodated on the construction trains.

It also is announced by the Minister of Railways that the formalities have just been completed for absorbing the Grand Trunk Pacific into the Canadian National Railways for corporate as well as operating purposes. The defunct holders all have agreed to the conditions whereby their old securities were exchanged for the new ones authorized by Parliament last session. This adjustment removes a long standing grievance.

## Better Labor Conditions

Ship-building on Clyde Creates Demand For Men

London.—In a line over four months the number of unemployed workers in the Clyde district has dropped by one third. The improvement is mainly due to increased activity in ship-building and marine engineering. There has even been a shortage of labor for some urgent jobs, and employers have shown readiness to accept apprentices, a condition that has not been apparent for years.

**Future of the Dominion**  
Ottawa.—"Our grandchild may even live to see the seat of Empire transferred to our shores," declared Dr. J. H. Coyne, of St. Thomas, Ont., president of the Royal Society of Canada, in discussing the Dominion's future at the society's quarterly annual meeting. "The future of our Dominion," he continued, "is on the whole bright with promise."

**Hon. R. Lemieux Honored**  
Rome.—Reception and luncheon in honor of Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, speaker of the Canadian House of Commons, and Madame Lemieux, given by the British ambassador to Italy, Right Hon. Sir Roland Graham, was attended by several English and Canadian visitors in addition to a distinguished gathering of residents of the capital.

**National Thanksgiving Day**  
Ottawa.—Sunday, July 3, was the date set by the national committee for the celebration of the diamond jubilee of Confederation for a national thanksgiving day. It is proposed that the people gather at prominent centres for services of thanksgiving for the blessings that have grown out of Confederation.

**Choir of 11,000 Voices**  
Ottawa.—A choir of 11,000 voices including 1,000 voices selected from 70 churches, irrespective of race or creed, and 10,000 school children, will sing a program of patriotic songs and anthems in connection with the jubilee celebration here. C. J. L. Rickwood, Ottawa, will direct the choir.

W. N. L. 1683

## Would Send Boys to Canada

Ile of Man Has Scheme for Community Settlements in Dominion  
Montreal.—Canada is the country to which the Isle of Man is looking for the settlement of her youth, said J. B. Crookall, J.P., mayor of Douglas and member of the House of Keys, who reached Montreal on the White Star liner Doric. Every year the Isle of Man has about 400 boys leaving school at the age of 14. A proposal is about to raise the leaving age to 15, following which the island authorities would give them a course of training for one year to fit them for education. Mayor Crookall hopes that Manxmen in Canada would interest themselves in this project.

The mayor outlined a scheme he had for the community settlement of Manxmen in Canada. He proposed to send out the families if the Dominion Government would set aside a tract of land sufficient to provide for them, making the terms as easy as possible. About 80 per cent. of these families would be agricultural.

## Prize for Pacific Flight

Hawaiian Offers \$25,000 to First aviator Making Non-stop Trip  
Honolulu.—The Star Bulletin, in a copyrighted article announces that James D. Dale, president of the Hawaiian Pineapple Company, has offered a prize of \$25,000 to the first aviator and \$10,000 to the second if they make non-stop flights from the Pacific Coast to Hawaii during the 12 months starting August 15.

New York.—The Bellanca monoplane "Columbia," in which Clarence Chamberlin had hoped to be the first to fly to Europe, will be entered in the \$25,000 contest announced by James D. Dale in Honolulu. The Fokker monoplane "America," which also was "beaten to the post" in the Paris flight by Charles Lindbergh, may and may not try the Hawaii flight, it was said.

## The Favored Country

British Labor Leader Says Emigrants Opportunities in Canada Best in World

London.—Canada contains greater possibilities than any other country in the world to organize the right kind of immigration is regulated so as not to displace the existing workers, in the opinion of C. T. Cramp, general secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, who has just returned from a tour of the Dominion. Mr. Cramp was struck by the "re-organization" of labor in Canada, and the similar movement among professional associations. Canadian railways also came in for enthusiastic reference from Mr. Cramp.

## New York Financier Dies

Payne Whitney, One of America's Richest Men, Victim of Heart Attack  
Manhasset, N.Y. Payne Whitney, financier, philanthropist, sportsman and one of the richest men in the country, died of a heart attack while playing tennis at his country estate, Greenvale.

Mr. Whitney was 52 years old. He was the brother of Harry Payne Whitney, son of the late William C. Whitney, secretary of Navy under Cleveland. Estimates of the Whitney estate ranged in Wall Street from \$100,000,000 to \$100,000,000. In 1921 he paid an income tax of more than \$2,000,000, only \$12,000,000, Mr. Whitney, Jr., and Henry Ford, paying more.

**Postmasters' Convention**  
Regina, Sask. T. P. Murphy, Ottawa, superintendent of the equipment and supply branch of the federal post office department, will represent the postmaster-general at the forthcoming convention of the Saskatchewan Postmasters' association to be held in Regina, Thursday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 7, 8 and 9. About 150 delegates are expected to be in attendance.

**Cable Bill Passed**  
London.—The House of Lords has given third reading to the Pacific Cable bill, which has now passed both Houses. The bill authorizes reorganization of the Pacific Cable Board in accordance with the settlement of Canada's dispute with that body reached at the last Imperial conference.

**Plane Service for Lines**  
Winnipeg.—An aerobline passenger and freight service to the central Manitoba mine area was inaugurated on June 1. It marks the first commercial air service to operate in the province. Western Airways confined its operations last year to the Red Lake district of Northern Ontario.

## Experiment Was a Failure

New Zealand Lost Heavily in Attempt to Control Price of Butter  
Wellington.—New Zealand's futile attempt to fix the price of butter on the London market and the boycott by London buyers of more than a million boxes, or roughly, 56,000,000 pounds, that were allowed to accumulate in cold storage in Britain in April, have been factors in the short-ages of butter supplies in Canada during the past five months.

The action of British merchants in buying butter from Argentina, Australia and Canada, while having New Zealand's price-controlled stocks severely alone, withdrew from Canada heavy supplies that normally would have been available for home requirements. It is said here.

As a result, Canadian butter dealers have been scrambling for immediate requirement for months, picking up stray stocks here, there and everywhere, some being brought back from London, some from Quebec, some imported from the United States, and a total of about seven million pounds shipped direct from New Zealand.

The lateness of the season in Canada has also been a factor in the shortage here, spring production being about a month later than usual.

## RUSSIAN TRADE AGREEMENT IS TO BE ABROGATED

Ottawa.—The Government has decided to terminate immediately the trade agreement with Russia, it was announced following a lengthy meeting of the cabinet council.

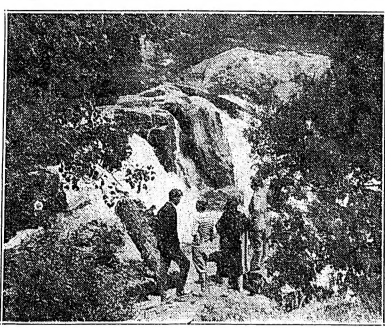
Premier King, in making the announcement, declared this action had been decided upon after a full discussion of the situation created through the decision of the British Government to sever its relations with Soviet Russia. Evidence in the hands of the Canadian Government made it clear, the Premier said, that certain sections of the agreement between Canada and Russia had been violated by the Russian Government. Premier King pointed out that the agreement was subject to termination unless certain conditions were fulfilled. He specifically quoted a provision agreed to refrain "from hostile action or undertakings against the other and from conducting outside of its own borders any official propaganda direct or indirect against the interests of the British Empire or the Union of Soviet Republics respectively."

Premier Baldwin's statement in the British House of Commons, and evidence before Canadian Government, had made it clear, the Premier said, that this agreement had been violated. Premier King stated emphatically that repudiation of trade agreements would mean discontinuation of trade between Canada and Russia. It would mean that certain quasi-diplomatic privileges enjoyed by the Russian trade commission would be terminated, but every effort would be continued to further trade between Canada and Russia in the same manner in which Canadian trade relations with other nations were conducted.

The Premier said evidence in the hands of the Canadian Government does not disclose any espionage or subversive propaganda so far as the Montreal office of the Russian trade commission is concerned.

Will Compete in Prize Swim  
Montreal.—Ernest Vachon, Governor's favorite swimmer and conqueror of the English Channel, has arrived in Montreal. He will participate in the Lake George swim for a prize of \$100,000 and later go to Toronto, where he will take part in the \$50,000 race to be held in Lake Ontario off the Queen City during the summer.

## Ox-Tongue Falls, Lake of Bays



Throughout the Lake of Bays region of the Highlands of Ontario, the members of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association will visit when holding their 1927 convention at Bigwin Inn, there are many beautiful waterfalls of which Ox-Tongue Falls shown above is one. Canadian National Railway photograph.

## WOULD DEVELOP CANADIAN TRADE WITH BRITAIN

London.—"I am here to visit Canadian trade commissioners in Britain and on the continent and to acquaint myself more fully with the possibilities of the markets here offer for Canadian products," Hon. James Macleod, Canadian minister of trade and commerce, told newsmen in an interview. He added that he was more particularly desirous of increasing inter-Imperial trade, of which he had been a constant advocate.

The minister mentioned the grant of \$100,000 made by the Canadian government for advertising Canadian goods in Britain. To receive the best means of applying the money was an important object of his visit, he said.

Mr. Macleod acknowledged that the figures of Canadian trade with Britain had shown a decrease, through the lessened ability of Britain to purchase Canadian products, although Canadian purchases from Britain showed a slight increase. He believed adequate publicity would soon help to correct the balance. There was always, he said, some unreliability about statistics and they did not invariably show the exact position of trade between two countries like Canada and Britain.

## Trade With U.S.

Canada Regarded By U.S. as Best Outside Field for Investment

Detroit, Mich. — Business of the United States made an eloquent gesture of admiration for its neighbor to the north when the National Foreign Trade Convention turned over an entire session to Canada and Canadians. Speakers with only one exception were Canadians. They spoke of their great commerce in hard wheat and poultry, of their other export trade and of the growing interest of Americans in Canada as attested by their investment of \$2,000,000,000 within the Dominion. Sixty per cent. of all foreign investments in Canada came from the United States, the convention was told by Cass R. Hoar, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, New York.

"We take it as a compliment," he added, "that Canada is regarded in the United States as the best outside field of investment, and we interpret it as an indication of the estimate placed by the United States upon the character and ability of Canadians."

## Agree on Claims

Washington.—The British and United States governments have agreed on a settlement of mutual claims and those of individuals against both governments for seizure of carrying shipping, but terms of the settlement are being withheld, pending an arrangement for publication of final notes ratifying the pact. The claims grew out of detention and search during the war on suspected of both countries suspected of carrying war supplies to the enemy.

## Investigating Plan to Use Sulphite Wastage

Scientists See Possibility of Making Substitute for Gasoline  
Ottawa.—Canadian scientists are investigating the possibility of the manufacture of a substitute for gasoline out of the wastage in the numerous sulphite mills throughout the Dominion. It was revealed at a meeting of the associate committee of physics and engineering of the National Research Council of Canada here.

The sulphite mills, it was declared, in the manufacture of pulp for newsprint are wasting at the same time tremendous quantities of liquor which is a potential source of alcohol. Properly designed motors have been found to operate efficiently on a mixture of alcohol and benzine.

The committee also recommended today that the national research council investigate steps to secure detailed information on the measurement of the ultra-violet rays given off by the sun. It can be shown that great benefit is to be obtained from these rays then, it is recommended, that special glass should be universally used in Canadian homes and other buildings. The health giving ultra-violet rays do not, to any great extent, pass through ordinary window glass.

## Building New Telegraph Line

Work Will Commence at Once in Northern Saskatchewan District

North Battleford.—Construction is to proceed on a telegraph line between Loon Lake and Meadow Lake. The distance is 55 to 60 miles. The line will serve to link up the Meadow Lake country with the splendid farming sections farther west. It will be a means of communication for those northern people with the outside world, something they have not at present. On representation being made to the department by the Federal member an appropriation of \$8,000 was put through Parliament for the building of the line. The government is ready to act at once on the building of the line. The office will be established on the line will be settled just as soon as possible.

## Great Interest Being Taken in Eclipse

English Railways Will Run Special Trains to Vantage Points

London.—The eclipse of the sun which will be observed by a portion of England, June 15, is arousing such interest that railway and motor bus companies are preparing to carry thousands of excursionists to the favored areas. England where the view will be best. More than 100 special trains and hundreds of motor buses will carry their passengers to the biggest open air party ever known in England. Most of the participants expect to arrive at vantage points around midnight.

## WILL OBSERVE LUNAR ECLIPSE IN FAR NORTH

New York, N.Y.—The outposts of civilization in the Canadian Arctic wilderness have been asked by radio to aid the Harvard University Observatory in observing on June 15 the first lunar eclipse since 1892. Observers in the northern country in the region of Chesterfield Inlet, Bear Lake, Rampart House and Good Hope had a message of instruction broadcast to them recently.

Directions for the observation of this rare lunar phenomenon, addressed to members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, representatives of the Hudson's Bay Company and Revillon Freres Trading Company, and the Oblate missionary fathers among the Eskimos, was broadcast in part as follows:

"A total eclipse of the moon will occur on June 15, 1927, the centre of the eclipse being at 224 a.m. Eastern Standard Time. The sun and moon will both be nearly on the horizon on the day and hour mentioned, at the posts to which this message is addressed."

"It is of great scientific interest to know as exactly as possible what the weather conditions are at that particular time at points near this time. Baker Lake is the most important point of all and the astronomers would appreciate any special efforts to procure observations there."

According to Dr. Wilfrid J. Fisher, of Harvard, it should be possible the year to determine the density of the earth's shadow very near to the edge of the earth.

## ACTIVITIES OF SOVIET AGENTS COME TO LIGHT

London.—It was stated in official circles that the names of hundreds of persons in Great Britain, including a number of members of Parliament, as well as persons known or less known in North America and other parts of the world, in addition to those published in the white paper, have come to the hands of the Government through its investigation of alleged Soviet activities.

So far as is known, the names of the members of the Parliament will not be made public, as it is understood the Government has no intention of taking what cabinet members consider advantage of their special information to further their case against the Russians.

In parliamentary lobby circles, however, it is thought likely the names may be made known to the press in the last few days before the elections, which fact may have more or less bearing on the situation generally as used as a check upon certain sections inclined to oppose the Government's moves and decisions.

A government spokesman attributed the Australian shipping strikes in the last two years solely to Soviet agents, who, he said, went to that country to spread propaganda, stir up trouble and further Moscow's aims.

The British Government made good its promise to publish some of the 16 documents alleged to have been uncovered in the recent sensational raid on Soviet Houses in London, headquarters of the Soviet trade delegation, and Ares, Limited, the Russian commercial organization.

It issued a white paper containing the documents to illustrate, as the caption said, "the hostile activities of the Soviet Government and the internationalism against Great Britain."

The most interesting part of the contents from an internationalist point of view from a British standpoint was a list of addresses allegedly found in the possession of Anton Miller, a Soviet cipher clerk, who Premier Baldwin told the House of Commons in his Tuesday speech, was found hurriedly burning the papers in his office when the raiders appeared.

## Want Canada to Attend Air Meeting

Invitation to Attend Inter-American Convention is Suggested

Washington.—Canada will be invited to join other countries on the American continent in an inter-American flying convention, if the recommendation of Argentina carries the Pan-American congress this year. At the commercial conference of members of the Pan-American union, just concluded here, the Argentine delegate, Felipe Esplá, recommended that the governing body of the union study ways and means of bringing Canada into the flying convention which all republics on this continent have in mind. Mr. Esplá's suggestion was placed in the record and will be considered by the governing body of the Union before the flying convention is concluded.

## Ferguson Willing to Co-Operate

Toronto.—Premier Ferguson states that he would co-operate with the Alberta Trade Commission in the proposed bill before the Ontario Government by a delegation from Alberta that a national committee be organized to promote inter-provincial trade, with special emphasis on the use of Alberta coal in the Eastern provinces.

## Check Fever Epidemic

Montreal.—Preventive measures taken by provincial and municipal officials to check the spread of the present typhoid epidemic are working successfully, health authorities claim. It was predicted that within one month the epidemic would be stamped out.

## Arms Parley in June

Washington.—The three-power naval limitations conference called by President Coolidge will convene in Geneva on the afternoon of June 20. Secretary of State Kellogg informed the British and Japanese ambassadors after informal conversations had shown the date acceptable to all.

## Radio Typewriter

Rome.—A typewriter capable of receiving radio-phonograph communications at great distances is to be tested between Rome and New York shortly. The machine functions automatically, typing on ordinary paper, guided by radio waves.

## Straw and Sawdust

Making Straw Pulp on the Farm and Tiles at the Saw Mill

Canada is a very progressive country and new inventions where practical receive every encouragement here. It is not the newer countries that always lag the way, however, and the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, draws attention to very interesting reports from France, taken from its files of the Canadian Trade Commissioners in Paris in which it is told how two articles of practically no economic value here, have been put to use by the scientists and thrifty French. The two substances in question are straw and sawdust, substances which Canada possesses in possibly greater quantity per head of population than any other country. The two products which the French obtain from these raw and hitherto wasted materials are tiles and paper pulp. The processes are said to be simple and can be adapted to the farm or wherever the material is most cheaply available.

A process by which light and beautiful tiles may be made from sawdust (or sand) and inexpensive chemicals is said to be in successful operation, no plaster, lime or cement being used, nor heat nor pressing equipment required. The enamel is first spread over the mould, then the mass which has been reduced to a sort of batter, is poured over it till the desired thickness is reached and the whole allowed to set. In twenty-four hours the tiles are hard enough to remove from the moulds and within a week are ready for use. Tiles of any size or thickness may be made and reinforcing may be introduced if required. Many advantages are claimed for this product which in France is usually made from ordinary sand rather than sawdust. These tiles have the feel and appearance of ordinary tiles and take the same brilliant glaze and decorations and may be manufactured on the spot where they are to be used.

For many years straw has been a basic material for strawboard, corrugated and wrapping papers, etc., but the expense and the inconvenience of transporting the straw to the factory has been against its proper utilization. The new process it is claimed, makes it possible to transform the straw into pulp on the farm, thus saving freight and handling, since it required over three tons of dry straw to produce one ton of pulp. In addition it leaves an important by-product, oxalic acid. It is said that the plant required is inexpensive and the process sufficiently simple to permit of its being carried out right at the source of supplies without the necessity of complicated machinery or expert supervision.

The possibilities of these two processes should be of unique interest to Canadian farmers and wood-working interests. If they can be practically applied to Canadian conditions, and there is considerable evidence to show that the processes being tried out in France are practical, then a new and valuable source of income will have been indicated for two of the most basic industries in this country.

## Poison Honey Taken

From Alpine Flower

Cattle Seldom Approach Blossoms Because of Injurious Effects

Poison or poison honey is taken from the Alpine rose, a form of rhododendron whose blossoms give off an odor that causes dizziness in human beings. Cattle seldom approach the flower because of its injurious effects.

Pliny, in one of his works, wrote about this honey. Xenophon in the Anabasis tells of the trouble that befell Greek soldiers after eating poison honey. Strabo also refers to it when he writes of the Heptakometes overpowering Pompey's troops by placing honey-filled dishes along the paths taken by the soldiers.

Lady: "What are these plants poisoning?"

Man: "They are poisonous plants in full bloom."

Lady: "How interesting! How long will it be before the cigs are ripe?"

Lorna Doone never lived and the romance of that name was founded on a myth, according to research workers.

If a man doesn't marry a woman because she is pretty or because she has money, it is pretty sure sign that he's in love with her.

Grand Manitoulin in Lake Huron was regarded as the home of departed spirits by North American Indians.

W. N. U. 1652

## Nicholas Flood Davin

A Notable and Unique Figure in Canadian Public Life

Among the brilliant galaxy of Old Countrymen who early in life came to Canada and adopted it as their country, was Nicholas Flood Davin, an educated and gifted Irishman, who for many years made the Middle West his home. With the exception of Chief Justice Tully, of Saskatchewan, and Dr. Brock, late lieutenant-governor of Alberta, he was the most conspicuous pioneer figure in that country.

Davin was born in Killinane, Ireland, where his father's regiment happened to be stationed at the time, in 1842. He received a first-class classical education and in 1868, was called to the Middle Temple Bar. Journalism, however, was more to his liking and he began his journalistic career as reporter in the Press Gallery, House of Commons, London. During the Franco-German war he was war correspondent of the Irish Times and London Standard, being wounded at the siege of Maastricht. His first engagement was the Toronto Globe as special writer on European topics and literary and social matters. He soon identified himself with the Conservative Party taking an editorial post on the old Mail, then the chief organ of the Conservatives.

Having the gift of oratory in a special degree and a fine knowledge of public affairs, he took an important part in the National Policy campaign prior to the elections of 1878. He himself was an unsuccessful candidate for Parliament. In 1871 Davin was admitted to the Ontario bar, and among his important cases was his defence of Bennett, who in 1859 assassinated the Hon. George Brown.

Subsequent to 1878 he was entrusted by the Government with a number of important commissions. In the course of which he went to Winnipeg. The vast spread of the prairies appealed to his poetic imagination, and in 1883, the C.P.R. being in course of construction and the prospects at the "Pile of Bones," now Regina, bright, he there established the Leader, one of the first papers to be published in the territory at present comprising the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. His influence was exerted to the full in directing the destinies of Assiniboia, as it was then known, both through his paper, and on the platform and in Parliament, to which he was elected for West Assiniboia in 1887, immediately after granting of representation by Ottawa to the Territories. In Parliament he labored strenuously for a vigorous immigration policy, the adoption of "Tariff Reform," as he understood it, and the encouragement of a national sentiment. In May, 1895, he moved a resolution declaring that full voting franchise should be extended to women the same as to men.

Though always a Conservative and a strong party man, he was at the same time too independent of views and too difficult of handling to be adaptable as cabinet member. As a wit he certainly has not been surpassed in the House of Commons. His literary talents and graces are reflected in half a dozen works, one of which was the "Irishman in Canada." He wrote poetry with ease and charm. Altogether, Nicholas Flood Davin was a notable and somewhat unique figure in Canadian public life.

## Quite Easy to Find

Absent-minded Prof. Smith had left his berth in the sleeper to find a drink of tea water, and was hopelessly lost in the middle of the aisle. It was about midnight and the train was speeding through the country.

"Don't you remember the number of your berth?" asked the conductor. "No—er—afraid not," was the reply.

"Well, haven't you any idea where it was?"

"Why, uh—oh, yes, to be sure." The professor brightened perceptibly. "I did notice one in this afternoon that the windows looked out upon a little lake."

"I had no idea," said Ethel to Alfred, "that profanity was so rife until I drove a car." "Do you hear that of it on the street?" asked Ethel. "Yes, nearly every time I bump into someone he swears dreadfully."

Plenty of faith should be mixed with the other ingredients in a doctor's prescription.

People are seldom on time; they are either early or late.

## New Plane Safe As Liner

Could Cross Ocean in 16 Hours Carrying 170 Passengers Says Expert

Professor Rumpfer, head of the Rumpfer Airplane Construction Company of Dessau, Germany, who is considered one of the best authorities on airplane construction, believes transatlantic flights can be put on a commercially practical basis by building planes many times the size and power of the present ones. He states he has prepared plans for a machine capable of crossing the Atlantic in sixteen hours, carrying 170 passengers, and propelled by a battery of ten motors, each generating 1,000 horsepower.

His estimates show any four nations could cease to function without affecting the plane's lifting power nor would the speed be cut materially. He virtually discarded designs for a 100-passenger plane, planned a year ago, in favor of the larger craft, believing the present giant will seem dwarflike within a decade.

Professor Rumpfer says he has worked for the last five years on his new plane. With a machine of this type trans-ocean flying would not entail more risks than crossing by liner, he believes. Even in case of a forced landing at sea the craft would be assured of comfortable living quarters until help was summoned by radio.

## Air Machine Resembles Bicycle

Invention of Andover Man Is Not Yet Perfected

James E. Palmer, of Andover, England, an electrical engineer, has become known here as "bicycle man of the air."

Palmer for months has been making experimental flights with a one man propelled flying machine which is a rough design of an air bicycle which he hopes soon to perfect.

Numerous flights of a mile or more at the height of 20 or 40 feet have been made by Palmer in his "aerial bus" with fan-shaped paddles strapped to his arms and suspended by a small balloon.

"The 'air bicycle' which I am building," said the engineer, "consists of an aluminum frame weighing three pounds, suspended below a cigar shaped gas bag. To the front of the frame is a propeller, driven by gear and chain from the cycle pedals, and at the rear is an elevator and rudder."

Palmer estimated that he would be able to make about 25 miles an hour in still air with this machine.

Animals that occasionally are fed candy are much more easily handled than those which never have tasted sweets, says a big game hunter and zoologist.

It is difficult to settle a case in court while the litigants have any money.

It takes some pretty hard facts to make an impression on a soft-headed man.

## Wealth in Dead Sea

Extraction of Mineral Salts Will Yield Rich Revenue

Once more the project of treating the Dead Sea for its mineral wealth is to the fore, and this time it has the solid endorsement of the British Colonial Office, which is going to grant a twenty-five-year concession to a syndicate. The scheme is a simple one. The water is to be pumped into pans ashore, and there evaporated, leaving various salts as a residue. The separation of these salts would be a comparatively simple chemical process. In addition, the construction of forty miles of new railway through the Jordan Valley to connect with existing lines would be an essential transportation of the salts recovered.

Salt has been taken from the Dead Sea by the most primitive methods for centuries, and sold to Jerusalem and elsewhere. In fact, the tribes of Judaea who inhabit the arid region in which the Dead Sea lies have carried on a profitable business in the marketing of salt for generations. It was a monopoly under the Turkish regime, but since the British occupation and mandate this has all been stopped. Even then practical, up-to-date, scientific organization, run on business principles, is likely to reap a rich harvest, as the waters of the Dead Sea are 25 per cent. salts, as compared with from 4 to 6 per cent. in ordinary sea water.

## Make Success of Farming

Two Former Newspaper Women Enthusiastic Over Their Work

Miss Grace McGraw, of Vancouver, is an enthusiast over farming for women. A year ago she resigned her position with the publicity department of the Canadian Pacific Railway and joined Miss Dorothy Doll in a farming venture in the Ladner, B.C. district. Prior to this time Miss Doll had been a member of the Vancouver Province staff, and later associate editor of Maclean's Magazine and associate editor of a United States magazine published in New York.

Last year the two young farmers concentrated on bean growing. Their experiences provided them—not only with a fair profit, but with material for an excellent story.

## Mindful of the Future

The worst advice on China comes from many of the foreigners engaged in trading there. They are thinking only of their own interests, and berate their own governments for taking wider views. The British Government is being violently abused by this selfish element because it refuses to copy the old methods of gunboat diplomacy. It is mindful of the future when the good will of the Chinese people may be indispensable.

The Empire's most northerly town is Dawson in Yukon; its most southern town is Stanley, Falkland Islands, near Cape Horn.

Laborator has the most spectacular coast scenery in all America.

## Making Canada Beautiful

Statistics Show Millions Spent Yearly on Flowers and Shrubs

Each successive year sees a considerable contribution made to the general beautification of Canada. Evidence of this is disclosed in a recent report issued by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics which states that 99,000 rose trees were purchased last year from wholesale growers in the Dominion alone. Nine hundred thousand other ornamental trees and shrubs were bought from Canadian growers to be planted about the homes. Home-makers bought half a million plants and many thousands of bulbs, and of the dozen varieties of cut flowers raised by florists, the flower-loving public took 15,000,000 plants, paying over a million and a quarter dollars for them.

These figures do not include imported plants and flowers, nor plants raised by amateur gardeners, a vastly greater showing. The figures are simply those of the wholesale trade which is valued over a million and a half dollars from the retailers and direct purchasers.

This was the first year of the inquiry, and there are hundreds of nurserymen who made no returns.

## Armistice Blotter to be Auctioned

No Bid Under \$5,000 for Historic Relic Will be Considered

Doubtless the most valuable piece of blotting paper in the world is one which is presently to come to the auction block and for which it has been announced no bid of less than \$1,000 will be regarded.

It is the blotting pad which lay on the writing table in the saloon car of Marshal Ferdinand Foch, on November 11, 1918, near Bathons, in the forest of Compiègne, and upon which was signed the armistice which ended the World War. Upon it, entirely legible, though, of course, needing to be held before a mirror for normal reading, are the transferred signatures of Marshal Foch, Admiral Weymss and Matthias Erzberger.

Only a "scrap of paper" and blotting paper at that, but it is likely to hold a high place among historical treasures.

## Largest Squared Stones

In Syrian Ruins

Monster Blocks Were Used in Building Temple of Sun

The largest squared stones ever used for building purposes are those found among the wonderful ruins of the Temple of the Sun, at Daabek, in Syria. In one of the walls, 18 feet above ground level, there are three monster blocks, all over 63 feet in length and 13 feet in height. Their width is not known. In a quarry nearby is another giant not separated entirely from the rock. It is 60 feet in length, 14 feet in thickness and 17 feet in height. The weight of this monolith, incorporated in the temple, is estimated at 1,500 tons.

## Tibetan Books Are Artistic

Long Narrow Pages Unbound Lie Loosely One Above the Other. Tibetan books are printed from wooden blocks on very fine half-colored paper manufactured in the country from the bark of a certain shrub. The pages are long and narrow. They are not bound into a volume, but lie loosely one above another. When not in use, the leaves are enclosed in two wooden slabs, which are often finely carved, and tied with silk ribbons. The whole is wrapped in a beautifully decorated silk cover. The carved books of Tibet, produced in this way, are regarded with the greatest reverence.

## Marvels Yet to Come

Inventions, indeed, are following one another so fast that the imagination is left behind in wondering what marvels lie in store for us. We need not suppose that wireless and electricity have as yet revealed nearly all their secrets or that what has already been discovered is any more remarkable than what remains to be discovered.—London Daily Mail.

Flourant: "How do you like the looks of young Zipper?" Betty (sighing): "He never gives me any."

The northern part of this vast province of Quebec is little known, and is believed to hold vast and varied resources.

Jerry: "Saw him today." Ted: "What did he say?" Jerry: "Nothing. His wife was with him."

Many a young man doesn't know he is in love until the girl in the case hands him the information in a diplomatic way.

## Dual Purpose Cow Is Best

Type Needed Will Come Near Old Durham of Generation Ago

What is a farmer's cow asks the Farmer and answers: All of us have seen or heard of the old-fashioned "Durham" cow of our father's or boyhood days—the cow that filled the pail and produced a real beef calf besides. What if her production was away behind that of the modern Holstein milking machine and her beef not as evenly laid on the backs of her steer offspring as we see it on the wonderful Little Shorthorn, Angus and Hereford babies at the "Royal" and C.N.E.? She was a real farmer's cow, and responsible for riding many a hundred acres of its cumbersome mortgage. Moreover, there is a demand throughout the country right now for just that type of cow.

If our beef cattle breeders would give more attention to developing a genuine dual-purpose type of beef cows, farmers would be more likely to become interested in using good, pure-bred sires. There has been no money in raising the modern type of beef animal during the past few years. We realize that there will shortly come a time when beef breeds will be in demand, but even then the type that will command the farmers' attention will be the one that comes nearest the old Durham cow of a generation ago.

Too many breeders pay more attention to "fanciness" than to usefulness in their stock. "Get hold of a good cow's tail, and hang on intelligently," was an old auctioneer's advice, and it was never more true than now, when the poor cow, the low producer and hard feeder, is losing her owner's money every day, and when real producing cows can be secured for reasonable money. It seems that the cow most suited to the average farmer where dairying is not the main source of revenue is the dual-purpose type. Good milkers can be found in all breeds, but breeders of the pure-bred beef breeds are wise who select their stock with a view to supplying the farmers' requirements of dual-purpose cows. Shorthorn breeders are to be congratulated on having made greatest progress in this respect. Angus and Hereford men must awaken one of these days and realize that the demand is for milk as well as for beef.

## Palestine a New Transvaal

Immense Wealth Still in Ophir Says British Navy Officer

After a search lasting twenty years, a British naval officer, Commander C. Crawford, declares he has discovered the lost lands of Ophir, whence the Queen of Sheba brought to Solomon her magnificent gift of thirty-three tons of incense, spices, gold, jewels, apes, peacocks, pearls and other valuables. Lecturing to the United States Institution, Commander Crawford said he found the city of Ophir exactly where it ought to be—in Arabia, about 400 miles east of Aden.

The city, with its ruined temple of God, is now little more than ruins, which have been visited by many seamen and political agents, he said, but they have never identified it. The commander suggested that excavations on the site would be richly repaid, and said that the land, which was mineral wealth, should be developed.

"The city is ideally situated," he said. "It has a harbor to the north and has a river which gives what space for a seaport. But a thin ribbon of coral sand is drawn across the harbor mouth. It is this strip of sand that strangled the life of Ophir. There is great wealth in Ophir still."

"Palestine now is the Palestine of King Saul. It lies in our power to develop the land to the prosperity of Solomon. There are gold mines and precious stones in the ground, a veritable Transvaal there."

## Plans Flight Across Pacific

Captain Frederick A. Giles, former Royal Air Force officer, has been to Vancouver from Australia to make plans for a flight across the Pacific this summer. Capt. Giles has been pilot of an air service between Sydney and Adelaide during the past three years, and is an experienced aviator. The proposed Trans-Pacific flight will be from Vancouver to Sydney, by way of Honolulu, Suva, Fanning Islands and New Orleans.

## Poultrymen Coming From U.S.

Two thousand poultrymen from the United States will attend the forthcoming World's Poultry Congress, July 27th to August 4th, according to Dr. Marion Q. Jones, the delegates will be headed by the Hon. W. M. Jardine, secretary of Agriculture, officially representing the Government. He will be accompanied by Assistant Secretary R. W. Dunlop. Some 25 states are participating.

## The Home of Fighting Fish



Algonquin Park, Ontario, is known wherever fishermen foregather as the haunt of fighting fish, and each year its waters are attracting more and more anglers in search of real sport. When the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Editors hold their annual convention at Algonquin this year many of them, it is expected, will make side trips to Algonquin Park to enjoy fishing trips—Canadian National Railways photographs.





## More Attractions for Tourists

The 1927 program of development in connection with Canada's National Parks includes the opening of the new motor highway from Lake Louise to Golden, the building of an exceptionally attractive hotel in Waterton Lakes Park and the inauguration of a through motor bus service between Glacier Park in Montana

and Waterton Lakes, Calgary, Banff, Lake Louise and Field. These improvements will undoubtedly attract many more tourists to the scenic spots of the province the coming season.

## CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday School 10.30 a.m.  
Divine Worship 7.30 p.m.  
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

## Spring Is Here!

And you will soon take your garden rake and use it in your front yard. When doing so, observe the surroundings, and ask yourself this question. Would not a picket fence around the lot, or a Verandah on the house improve the appearance of your home greatly? Your home should be your first consideration.

We have the material for these improvements.

## Imperial Lumber Yards

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CHINOOK, ALBERTA PHONE 12

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## THE COW

Is the Best Investment a Farmer Can Make. A Good Cow, given a fair chance, Will Produce 250 Pounds of Butter Fat in Nine Months, and this at a price of 30 cents per pound, Equals \$75.00 a year. What else can you invest in that will pay you 100 per cent every year? And she gets at least half of her living out of the fence corners, stubble fields and sloughs that would otherwise be a total waste.

Remember for Bigger Returns and Better Service Ship Your Cream To  
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We pay 38 cents for best quality.

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## VILLAGE OF CHINOOK

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act 1922, and amendments thereto, the Village of Chinook will offer for sale, at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, Chinook, Alberta, on Saturday, June 18th, 1927, at 2 p.m., the following lands:

Lots	Block	Plan
17	2	2231 B.A. Chinook
18	4	do
11	8	5633 C.L. Chinook
12	8	do
19	8	do
20	8	do
210	9	do
310	10	do
410	11	do

The above lands will be offered for sale subject to reserve bid, and the reservations contained in the existing certificates of titles, and reserving thereout all mines and minerals. Redemption may be effected by payment of the arrears and costs at any time prior to the sale.

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 11th day of April, 1927.  
L. S. Dawson,  
Secretary-Treasurer.

## Another Producer in Sunburst Field

A brisk demand for oil lease acreage in the extreme south of the province has followed the announcement that a flow of high quality crude oil has been struck at a depth of 2,335 feet in the Hart Green well located two miles south of the International boundary in the Kelvin Sunburst field.

## Prospects Bright in Lethbridge Northern

Highly encouraging prospects for the 1927 season in the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation area are reported by Premier Brownlee and Hon. V. W. Smith on their return from a conference with members of the advisory board in Lethbridge on May 16. It is expected that the acreage under cultivation in this part of the province will be considerably increased this year.

## Meeting of Collingwood Municipal Council

A meeting of the Council of the Municipal District of Collingwood was held in Collingwood school on Saturday. All members were present.

The monthly financial statement as presented by the Secretary was adopted.

A grant was made of \$25.00 to each of the Red Cross and Salvation Army Societies.

The mill rate for the various Schools within the Municipality was set as follows:

Beil Plains 5 mills, Cando 24 mills, Clover Leaf 11 mills, Collingwood 12 mills, Crocus Plains 16 mills, Huggard 3, Keystone 9 mills, Laughlin 13 mills, Lexington 19 mills, Mapleine 7, Neilville 11, Niles 20 mills, Peyton 11 mills, Rainbow 16 mills, Rearville 24 mills, Stinson 17 mills, Swan 22 mills.

A number of lands were placed on the 1927 Wild Lands Assessment Roll.

The next meeting of the Council will be held on Saturday, June 25.

## LOSSES BARN BY FIRE

Schaffer Brothers, who are farming nine miles north of Chinook, lost their barn by fire early Saturday morning. It is reported that two head of horses and a quantity of harness which were in the barn, were also destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

## Members Plan Northern Tour

Preparations are being made for a tour of the Peace River country during the latter part of June by members of the legislature from all parts of the province. The trip will be made by special train over the E.D. & B.C. and Central Canada Railways and it is expected that a large portion of the members will take advantage of this opportunity to visit the northland.

## Free Transportation Cancelled

Free movement of farmers and their effects from the drier areas in southeastern Alberta to new locations elsewhere in the province will stop at the end of May when the agreement between the government and the railways expired. During the past season to the end of April a total of 568 families with 985 cars of stock and effects have been moved under this arrangement. The majority of settlers thus changing their locations have gone to the farming country along the foothills from Lethbridge district to as far north as Grande Prairie.

## SWEET CLOVER

A number of different kinds of clover have been tested at the Dominion Experimental Station at Scott. The only kind which has proven satisfactory for Scott conditions is Sweet Clover, and the Arctic is by far the most hardy variety.

The method of seeding recommended is to sow shallow from 12 to 15 pounds per acre with one bushel of oats or one bushel of wheat. Good success has been attained at Scott by seeding without inoculation, but inoculation is without doubt beneficial particularly in cases where clover has not been grown on the land before.

Sweet clover for hay should be cut as soon as the first blossoms appear in order that the stems may not become woody. The crop is very slow to cure on account of the stems containing so much moisture. If left in the swath until the stems are cured, many of the leaves will be so dry that they will break off in handling and be lost; hence when cut with a mower the crop should be culled or bunched with a rake as soon as the leaves are well wilted and left to cure thoroughly before stacking. Probably the safest method is to cut the crop with a binder and cure in small stooks.

## FIRST FORTNIGHTLY CROP REPORT

Issued by Department of Agriculture, Government of Alberta, Edmonton, May 27, 1927.

The opening of the 1927 crop season in Alberta, although spring work in common with that all over the prairies has been retarded by intermittent falls of snow and rain, finds rapid progress being made with seeding and the soil in a better than average condition for the production of a crop. A heavy snowfall during the winter months which melted with very little run-off has provided an ample supply of moisture to carry the crop well into the growing season. Work on low-lying lands has been delayed in some instances by the presence of water but this condition has been somewhat improved under the influence of sun and wind during the past two weeks.

Seeding of wheat is well advanced in the southern part of the province and fully 50 per cent of oats and barley are in the ground. Early sown grain is already making a good showing. The acreage seeded to wheat, oats, barley and corn in this area, it is expected, will show little difference from that in 1926. Losses of winter wheat due to winter killing are estimated at from 36 to 50 per cent. in southern and south-eastern districts. Owing to the abundance of moisture, soil drifting has been lighter than usual except in small, scattered areas where re-seeding has been found necessary.

Throughout the central part of the province, seeding of wheat is from 75 to 80 per cent. completed and the land is rapidly being put into shape for the coarse grain crops. The large amount of new land brought into cultivation last year will mean an increased acreage in many districts for the 1927 crop in spite of the reduced area of spring and fall plowed land ready for the drill.

In the northern section of the province conditions are reported as very promising with seeding well advanced in many districts, although in certain lower areas work has been delayed to some extent. No reduction in the acreage seeded to wheat is anticipated for this season in the Grande Prairie and Peace River districts, and in this belt as well as over the rest of the province the outlook is considered promising if warm growing weather continues.

Reports from many districts in the eastern half of the province forecast a considerably increased acreage in sweet clover, alfalfa, corn and other fodder crops, following the visits of the forage crop cars which toured this area during the winter months.

Livestock in many cases has come through the long winter in rather thin condition but pastures generally are making rapid growth. No difficulty is reported in securing an adequate supply of farm labor to expedite spring work throughout the province.

## Wheat Pool Notes

Commencing June 20th, the Alberta Wheat Pool will undertake an intensive drive for the signing up of the Second Series of contracts.

Joseph Bennett, superintendent of the Prince Rupert Wheat Pool terminal elevator, was in Calgary and stated that twenty ship loads of grain or six million bushels would be the season's hauling for that terminal. The last boat, the Yoyoi Maru, will load three hundred thousand bushels of wheat in June for Shanghai.

The first British Columbia Wheat Pool Local to be formed was organized at Bridesville, B.C., by W. J. Jackson, director of the Alberta Pool. British Columbia wheat farmers are greatly interested in the Pool.

See us for Tennis Balls and Tennis Rackets.—E. E. Jacques, Druggist.

## Canadian National Sixth Annual Tour To the Pacific Coast

In pursuance of a time-honored practice of affording its patrons every facility and convenience tending toward more vacation enjoyment, the Canadian National in operating its sixth annual tour confidently believe this will again prove of the greatest aid and convenience to a host of teachers, as well as to professional men and business men and women, vacation-bent.

The tour will commence at Winnipeg, from which point a special train of modern sleeping car equipment, dining car and radio observation car, will leave July 4th. The party will be personally conducted by an efficient and experienced representative of the Canadian National.

After stopping at various points of interest, the train will arrive at Prince Rupert on July 9th. At this latter point the party will embark on a palatial steamship for a cruise of 150 miles through the famous "Inside Passage" to Vancouver. While the tour terminates at Vancouver, those who desire to make a trip to Victoria may have their tickets read "Victoria" as their destination without any additional cost.

This mode of travel has many advantages. In the first place, it is planned with a view to including in the itinerary the most interesting points, which, with the other arrangements that are made, obviates the necessity of the passenger worrying about connections, sleeping car accommodation, meals, and entertainment en route. This is all done in advance by experts, leaving the passenger free to enjoy to the full the scenery and attractions attendant to such tours.

The local agent of the Canadian National Railways will be pleased to give you full particulars of this tour.

## At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

	Wheat
1 Northern	1.44
2 Northern	1.38
3 Northern	1.31
	Oats
2 C. W.	.51
3 C. W.	.48
No. 1 Feed	.41
	Flax
1 N. W.	1.75
2 C. W.	1.70
Rejected	1.60
	Produce
Eggs	
Butter	

## Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cereal.

Will be at the  
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday  
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Youngstown Alberta

## Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable

## M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.



## Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. W. LAWRENCE,  
W. M.

R. V. LAWRENCE,  
Secretary

CHINOOK - ALTA.

## W. W. Isbister.

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We guarantee our work.

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## Eastern Canada

ALL RAIL OR LAKE AND RAIL

## Pacific Coast

THE TRIANGLE TOUR - ALASKA

## JASPER NATIONAL PARK

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## TICKETS ON SALE

MAY 15th

to

SEPT. 30th.

## GOOD TO RETURN

UP TO

OCTOBER 31st

1927

DURING JULY  
PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURS  
TO  
GREAT BRITAIN AND  
THE CONTINENT  
Also The  
THE PACIFIC COAST



Please call and get full details from  
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Local Agent, Chinook. Phone 3.  
Or Write  
J. MADILL,  
District Passenger Agent,  
Edmonton, Alta.

SEE CANADA IN CANADA'S DIAMOND JUBILEE YEAR, 1867-1927